

# States at Risk: Cybersecurity Threats, Laws, and Access to Public Information

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Doug Robinson, NASCIO Executive Director  
@NASCIO



# About NASCIO

- National association representing state chief information officers and information technology executives from the states, territories and D.C.
- NASCIO's mission is to foster government excellence through quality business practices, information management, and technology policy.
- NASCIO provides members with products and services designed to support the challenging role of the state CIO, stimulate the exchange of information, and promote the adoption of IT best practices and innovations.



22 new governors in 2018; 25 state CIO transitions in the last twelve months. 15 CIO transitions in 2019 to date

More focus on cybersecurity governance, risk frameworks, infrastructure protection, investments, cyber workforce crisis

CIO as broker business model: evolution from owner-operator to more managed services and multi-sourcing initiatives

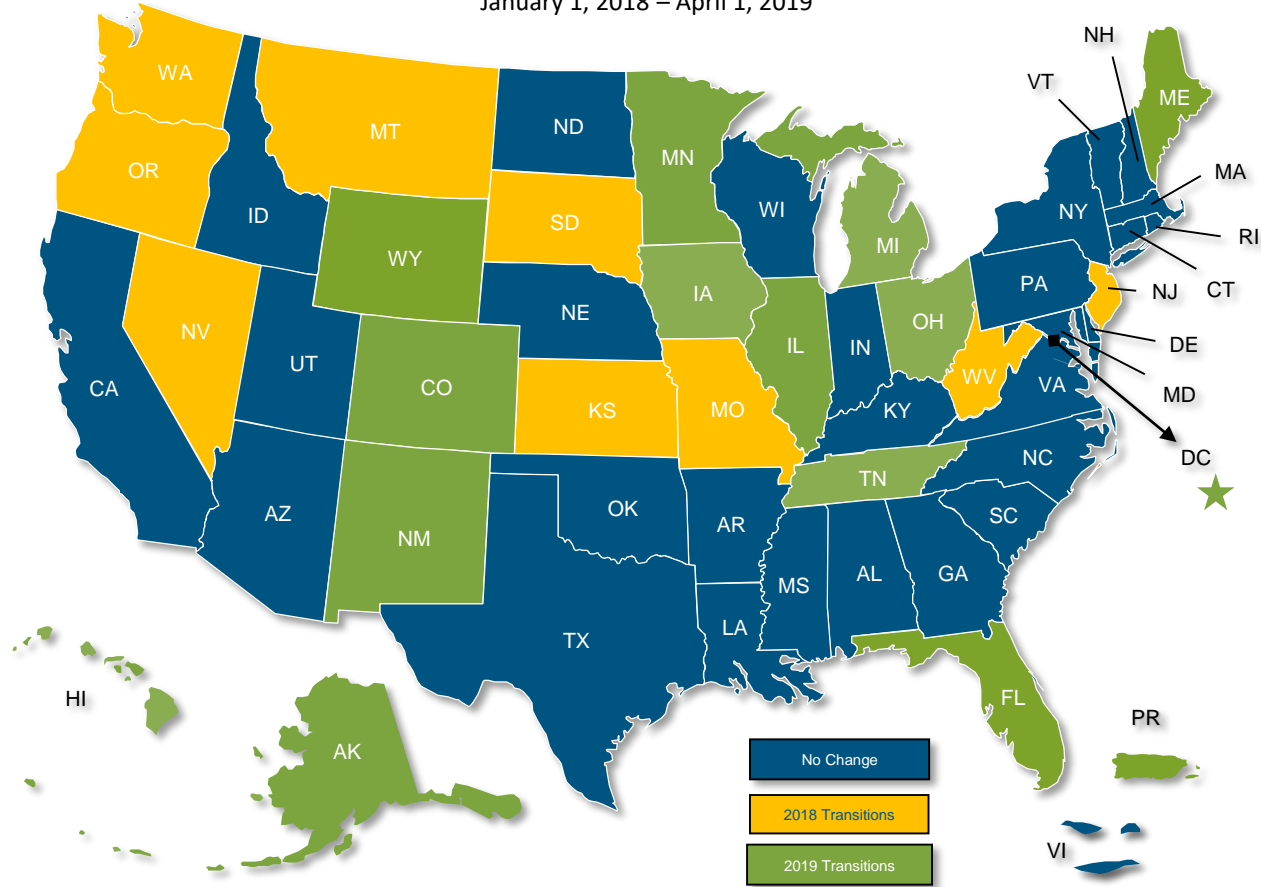
Digital government: user centric design, citizen IAM

Interest and use of AI and RPA slowly grows as state roadmaps are created and benefits are realized

State IT organization transition continues: more consolidation, hybrid models and unification initiatives

# State CIO Transitions 2018-19

January 1, 2018 – April 1, 2019



# STATE CIO TOP 10 PRIORITIES

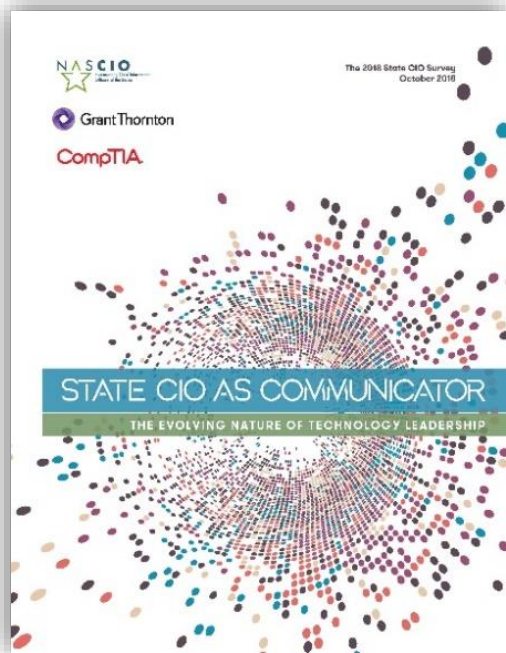
## 2019 Strategies, Management & Process Solutions



1. Security and Risk Management
2. Cloud Services
3. Consolidation/Optimization
4. Digital Government
5. Broadband/Wireless Connectivity
6. Budget, Cost Control, Fiscal Management
7. Customer Relationship Management
8. Data Management and Analytics
9. Enterprise IT Governance
10. Identity and Access Management

Source: NASCIO State CIO Ballot, November 2018

# What would you consider your top priorities/goals as a CIO?



64%

Ensure IT systems comply with security and regulatory requirements



60%

Improve IT relationships with the business



58%

Create and drive IT strategy that aligns to overall state objectives



48%

Improve IT governance



40%

Improve portfolio management and project delivery metrics



Protecting  
legacy systems

Phishing,  
ransomware,  
hacktivism

Foreign state-  
sponsored  
espionage

Employees and  
third-party  
contractors

Use of social  
media  
platforms

Software  
vulnerabilities

Shadow IT;  
rogue cloud  
users

Mobile devices  
and services

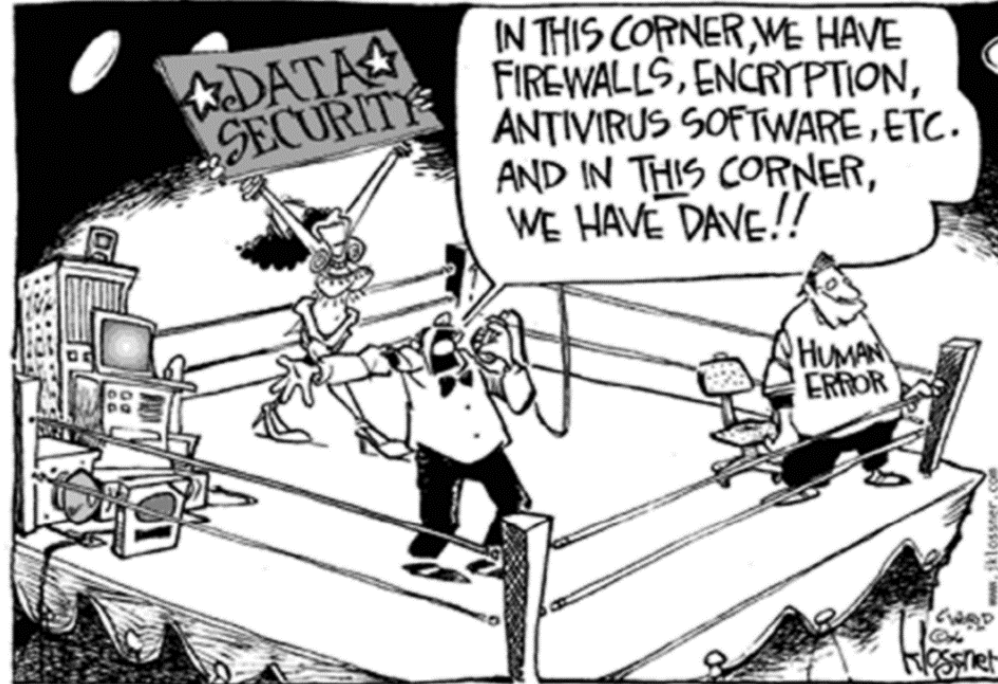
Not organized  
and mature to  
be successful

## Cybersecurity Risks in the States





# Humans...







# What Do States Care About?

## State Business Risk

- Life, Health and Safety
- Delivering Services to Citizens
- Delivering Services to Employees

## Financial Risk

- Lost Revenue
- Fraud and Theft
- Breach Costs

## Privacy & Confidentiality Risk

- Personal Information – Identify Theft (PII)
- Confidential Information

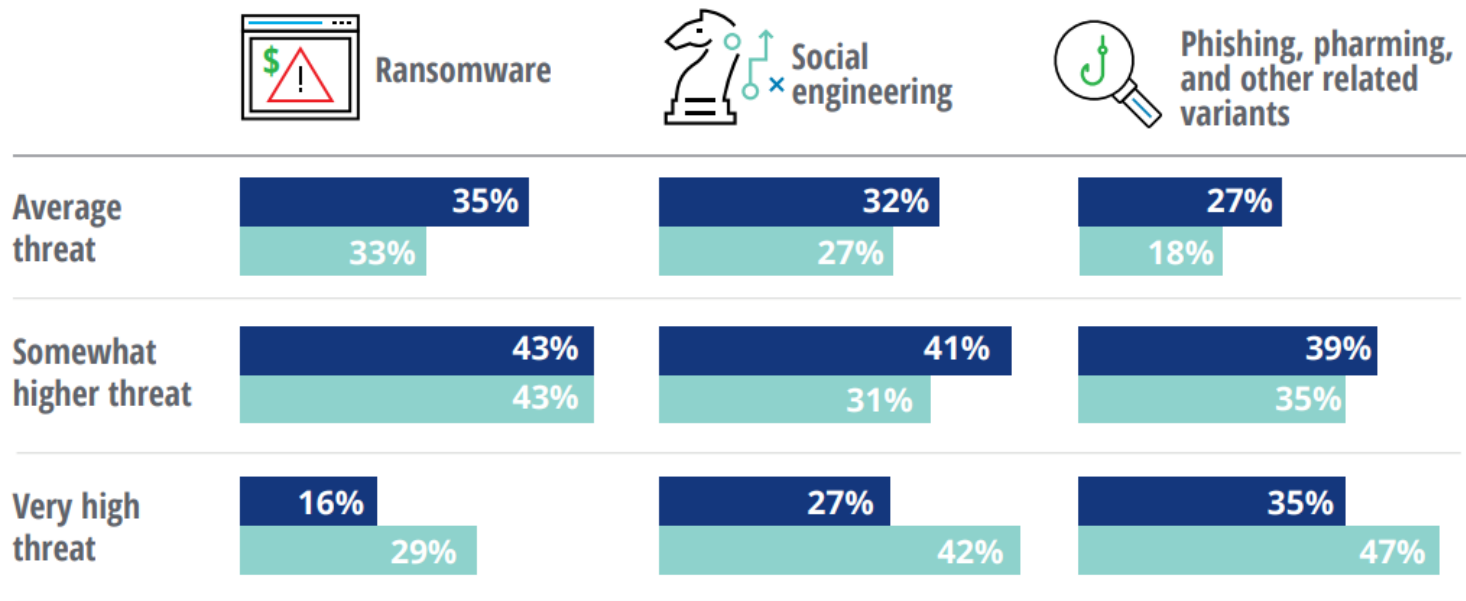
## Reputational/Political Risk

- Elected Officials
- Agency Directors
- Program Managers

# Ransomware, social engineering, and phishing are the top cyber threats for states

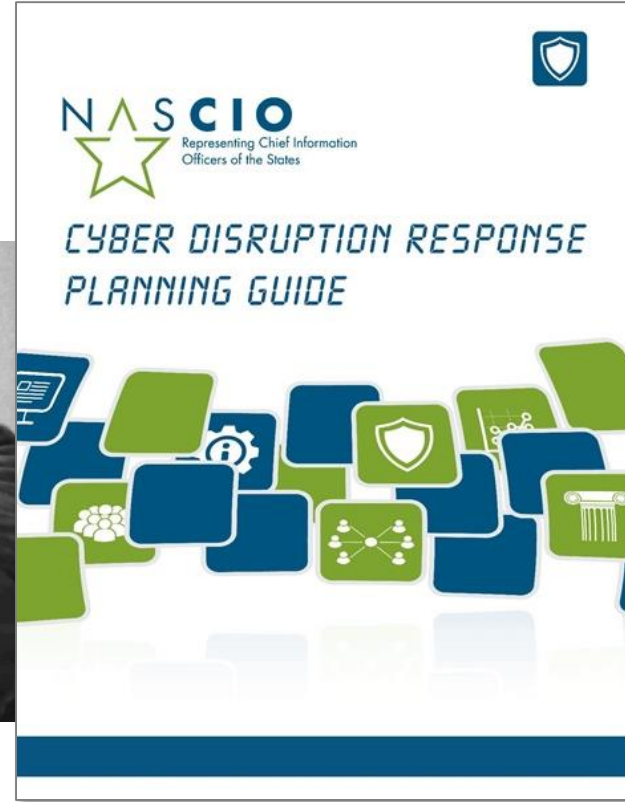
Please choose the prevalence of the following cyber threats in your state for the next year.  
(49 respondents)

■ 2018 ■ 2016



# Cyber Disruption: Impacting State Services

“State governments and the critical infrastructure within the state are at risk from a cybersecurity attack that could disrupt the normal operations of government and impact citizens. “



## Web applications and malicious code are the leading sources of security breaches

In terms of security breaches over the past 12 months, which of the following applies to your state?



**Web applications**



**Malicious code**  
(e.g., viruses/worms/  
spyware/malware/  
ransomware)



**My state has not  
been breached**



**Electronic attack**  
(e.g., hacker)



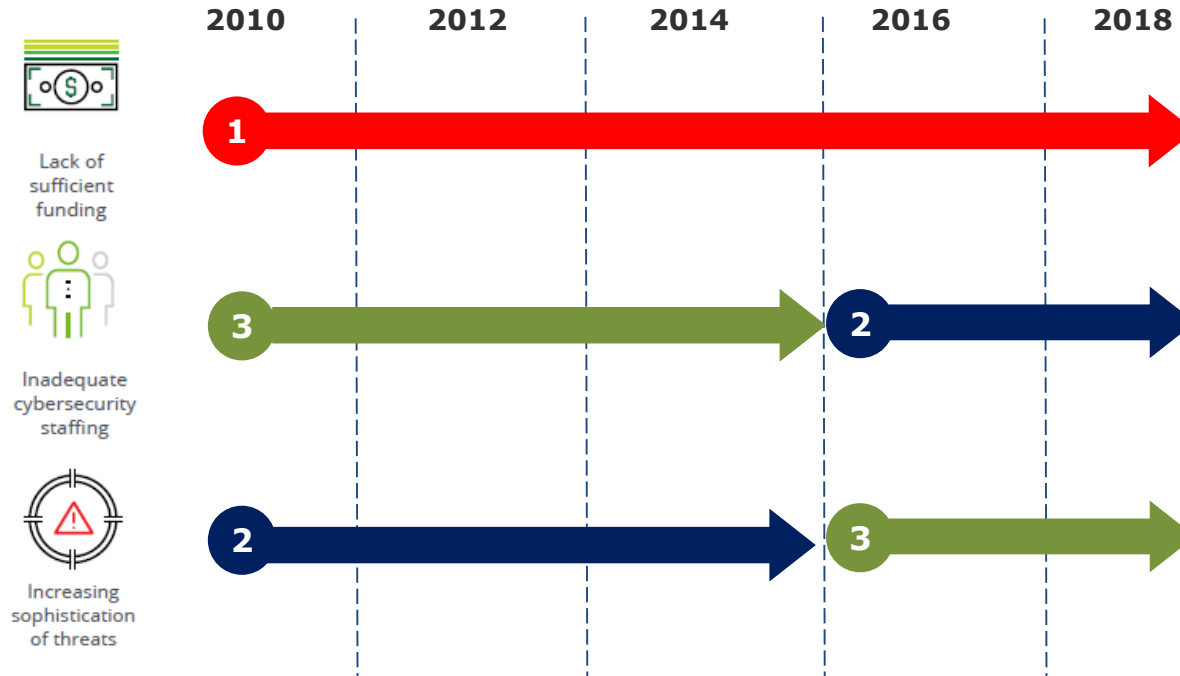
**Physical attack**  
(e.g., stolen  
computer systems)

Respondents	30	28	19	16	14
External	24	17	8	15	6
Internal	2	8	6	0	8
Business partner/ vendor	4	3	5	1	0

Source: 2018 Deloitte-NASCIO Cybersecurity Study

# Persistent challenges remain

Budget, talent, and threats top three since 2010



Survey question: Identify the top barriers that your state faces in addressing cybersecurity challenges.

Source: 2018 Deloitte-NASCI0 Cybersecurity Study

# Three Bold Plays for Change



## ADVOCATE FOR DEDICATED CYBER PROGRAM FUNDING

CISOs should raise cybersecurity's visibility with the state legislature and executive branch by making it a line item in the IT budget. They can also seek funding from federal agencies to support compliance with those agencies' security mandates.



## CISOs AS AN ENABLER OF INNOVATION, NOT A BARRIER

CISOs should actively participate in shaping the state's innovation agenda, collaborate with state digital and innovation officers, and lead the charge to help program leaders securely adopt new technologies.



## TEAM WITH THE PRIVATE SECTOR AND HIGHER EDUCATION

CISOs should leverage public-private partnerships and collaborations with local colleges and universities to provide a pipeline of new talent, as well as consider outsourcing to private-sector firms.







**Service models and sourcing options**

**Adoption of cloud services**

**Power of data**

**Agile and iterative delivery**

**Changing state IT workforce**

**Major Forces of Change**



How does your state CIO organization plan to deliver or obtain IT services over the next three years (e.g., server and platform administration, backup, storage, software and hardware maintenance, network management and service desk management)?

	Introduce	Maintain	Expand	Downsize
State-owned-and-operated data center(s)	0%	35%	14%	52%
Outsourcing service model	15%	26%	57%	2%
Managed services model	10%	23%	65%	2%
IT shared services model	0%	22%	75%	2%
“As-a-service” models (e.g. SaaS, PaaS, IaaS, etc.)	14%	12%	75%	0%
State IT staff	0%	69%	10%	22%

## Evolving Business Model: CIO as Broker

Source: 2018 NASCIO SURVEY | State CIO as a Communicator

# Forces of Change: Why Cloud?

Cost savings and efficiency

Flexibility and scalability

Rapid provisioning

Measured service

Better data and applications security

Shift from capital spend to operating spend

Reduced IT staffing and costs

This transition is disruptive to the traditional notions of state IT. It has serious implications for service delivery, state budgeting, procurement, legal, business processes, data protection, project and portfolio management.

# Does your organization have a strategy to migrate legacy applications to the cloud?



**41%** | Yes, cloud migration strategy in place

**37%** | No, but cloud migration strategy in development

**22%** | No cloud migration strategy planned



Are you planning to move to an off-premise Main-frame-as-a-Service solution in the next 2-3 years?



18% | Yes, already complete

20% | Yes, planned

27% | Yes, considering

29% | No

6% | Unsure



- State government is in the information business and data is its lifeblood
- Public services create information in the form of records, increasingly in electronic formats
- States continue to struggle with new challenges presented by a growing portfolio of electronic records and digital content that must be preserved
- Electronic records require attention to ensure they are preserved and accessible as they are more complex to preserve than paper records

The volume and complexity of electronic government records continues to increase at an exponential rate. 19 states now use a commercial SaaS-cloud solution for digital preservation.

1693% growth in state and territorial electronic records between 2006-2016

445% growth in electronic versus paper records in state and territorial archives

1371.1TB of electronic government records held by states and territorial archives





**All states have security measures in place to protect data and systems**

At least 27 states have statutory provisions in public records laws that expressly exempt from disclosure information in government technology systems that involve security information.



# Categories of Record Exemptions for Information Technology Systems



Cybersecurity systems, procedures, IT infrastructure (19)



IT systems in context of homeland security, anti-terrorism (5)



Critical infrastructure – energy, telecommunications

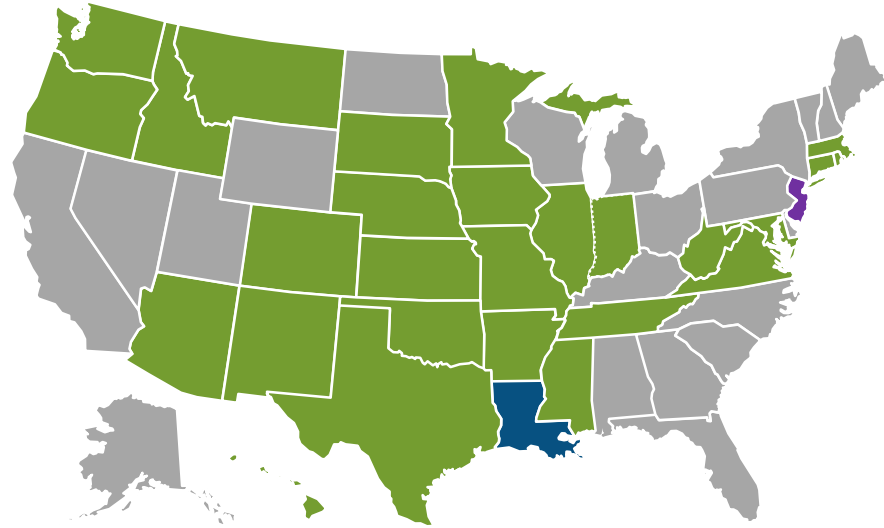


Elections security

# Contractor Monitoring Software Legislation

“NASCIO opposes state legislation which would mandate contractor monitoring software because of the significant risks to citizen privacy and federal regulatory compliance concerns it could create. While NASCIO certainly supports contractor productivity, cost efficiency and successful project outcomes, legislation of this nature could introduce unnecessary risks to citizen data by essentially transferring ownership of private citizen data to a third party.”

February 21, 2019



## Perspectives on Privacy

A Survey and  
Snapshot of the  
Growing State Chief Privacy  
Officer Role

READY FOR PRIME TIME?

State Governments Tune in  
to Artificial Intelligence



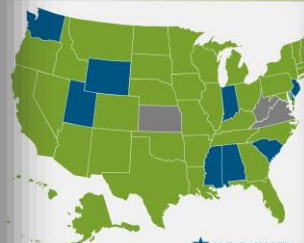
AI  
AND MACHINE  
LEARNING

## STATE ARCHIVING IN THE DIGITAL ERA

A Playbook for the Preservation of  
Electronic Records

October  
2018

## PROCUREMENT LIMITS ON LIABILITY BY STATE



★ Unlimited Liability  
★ Limits to Liability  
★ Subject to negotiation

2010  
28 States have limitations on liability  
5 States have some degree of limitations on

## STATE CIO AS BROKER: A New Model



## 2018 Deloitte-NASCIO Cybersecurity Study

States at risk: Bolo plays for change

A joint report from Deloitte and the National Association of  
State Chief Information Officers (NASCIO)

The 2018 State CIO Survey  
October 2018

## STATE CIO AS COMMUNICATOR

THE EVOLVING NATURE OF TECHNOLOGY LEADERSHIP

## State Cybersecurity Governance Case Studies

CROSS SITE REPORT

December 2017



## A View from the Marketplace:

What They Say About State IT  
Procurement

October  
2018